

## Exercise sheet 2

### Visualization of Graphs

#### Exercise 1 – Characterizations of trees

Prove that the four characterizations of a tree  $G$  from the lecture are all equivalent:

- (1) there is exactly one  $v$ - $w$ -path between any  $v, w \in V$
- (2)  $G$  is cycle-free and connected
- (3)  $G$  is cycle-free and  $m = n - 1$
- (4)  $G$  is connected and  $m = n - 1$

**Hint:** You may use transitivity to show all equivalencies, e.g., it is sufficient to show that (1)  $\Rightarrow$  (2)  $\Rightarrow$  (3)  $\Rightarrow$  (4)  $\Rightarrow$  (1). **8 Points**

#### Exercise 2 – Binary trees with inorder coordinates

Let  $G = (V, E)$  be a binary tree with root  $r$ . For each  $v \in V$ , let  $x(v) := \text{preorder}(v)$  and  $y(v) := \text{depth}(v)$ . Prove that this coordinate assignment yields a planar drawing of  $G$ .

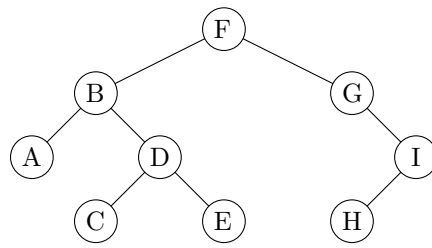
**Hint:** Use induction on  $n$ . **4 Points**

#### Exercise 3 – Binary trees with pre- and postorder coordinates

Let  $G = (V, E)$  be a binary tree with root  $r$ . For each  $v \in V$ , let  $x(v) := \text{preorder}(v)$  and  $y(v) := \text{postorder}(v)$ .

You may use the graph and grid below to try an example.

- a) Prove that this coordinate assignment yields a planar drawing of  $G$ . **4 Points**
- b) What is the area requirement of the generated drawing? Give tight bounds. **2 Points**



- c) Prove that if you direct all edges of  $G$  such that they “point away” from  $r$  – that is, all vertices are reachable from  $r$  – then all arcs in the drawing point downwards and rightwards. **2 Points**

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This assignment is due at the beginning of the next lecture, that is, on April 20 at 08:30. Please hand in your solutions online via Moodle. The exercises on this assignment will be discussed in the first tutorial session after April 20.